

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

TRIGONOX 44B VRN

Version Revision Date: FI / EN Date of last issue: 12.11.2018 2.0 26.12.2022 Date of first issue: 12.11.2018

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : TRIGONOX 44B VRN

UFI 3533-10U0-W00J-QM6W

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Curing agent

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Nouryon Functional Chemicals B.V.

Haaksbergweg 88

NL 1101 BZ Amsterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31889840367

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: polymer.emeia@nouryon.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

number

24 hours:+31 57 06 79211, US-CHEMTREC:1-800-424-9300, CA-CANUTEC:1-613-996-6666, JP: +81 (836) 74 8810, CN:

化学事故应急咨询电话: +86 532 8388 9090-:

Nouryon Emergency Response Centre: +31 570 679211

Poison Information Centre: 09-471977

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Organic peroxides, Type E H242: Heating may cause a fire.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.



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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P234 Keep only in original packaging. P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcoholresistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Diacetone alcohol Acetylacetone peroxide

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.



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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components
Chemical name

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2 204-626-7 603-016-00-1 01-2119473975-21	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Repr. 2; H361d STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 10 %	>= 45 - <= 55
Acetylacetone peroxide	37187-22-7 253-384-9 01-2119965139-28	Org. Perox. D; H242 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1B; H317	>= 25 - <= 35
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6 203-872-2 603-140-00-6 01-2119457857-21	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 300,03 mg/kg	>= 5 - <= 9
Acetylacetone	123-54-6 204-634-0 606-029-00-0 01-2119458968-15	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 570 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (vapour): 5,1 mg/l Acute dermal toxicity:	>= 0,1 - <= 6



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		790 mg/kg	
Hydrogen peroxide solution	7722-84-1 231-765-0 008-003-00-9 01-2119485845-22	Ox. Liq. 1; H271 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 ———————————————————————————————————	>= 1 - <= 2
		Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 431 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Rinse with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : The symptoms and effects are as expected from the hazards

as shown in section 2. No specific product related symptoms

are known.

Risks : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

CAUTION: reignition may occur.

Supports combustion.

Water spray may be ineffective unless used by experienced

firefighters.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions.

Hazardous combustion

products

Fire will produce smoke containing hazardous combustion

products (see section 10).

Carbon oxides

Oxygen

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

> Wear respiratory protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Prevent unauthorised persons entering the zone.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as

hazardous waste.

Use only inert inorganic material such as vermiculite or perlite

as absorbent.

Keep mixture of absorbent material and spilled product wetted

with water.

Confinement must be avoided.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13. For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Use explosion protected equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. No sparking tools should be used. Keep away from reducing agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalies and heavy metal compounds (e.g. accelerators, driers, metal soaps). Do not cut or weld on or near this container even when empty. Keep away from combustible material.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Temperature class : It is recommended to use electrical equipment of temperature

group T3. However, autoignition can never be excluded.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Prevent unauthorized access. No smoking. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards. Keep



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: Avoid temperatures below:

only in original container. Store away from other materials.

Further information on

storage stability

: Maximum storage temperature is for quality only.

Minimum storage

temperature: -10 °C

Maximum storage

temperature:

: 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2	HTP-arvot 8h	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	FI OEL
		HTP-arvot 15 min	75 ppm 360 mg/m3	FI OEL
Hydrogen peroxide solution	7722-84-1	HTP-arvot 15 min	3 ppm 4,2 mg/m3	FI OEL
		HTP-arvot 8h	1 ppm 1,4 mg/m3	FI OEL
		HTP-arvot 8h	1 ppm 1,4 mg/m3	FI OEL
		HTP-arvot 15 min	3 ppm 4,2 mg/m3	FI OEL

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis
		of exposure)		
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	TWA	5.000 ppm	2006/15/EC
			9.000 mg/m3	
	Further information: Indicative			
		HTP-arvot 8h	5.000 ppm	FI OEL
			9.100 mg/m3	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Diacetone alcohol	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic	9,4 mg/kg



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			effects	bw/day		
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	66,4 mg/m3		
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	240 mg/m3		
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	66,4 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	120 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	3,4 mg/kg bw/day		
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3,4 mg/kg bw/day		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	11,8 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	11,8 mg/m3		
Acetylacetone peroxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4,41 mg/m3		
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg bw/day		
	Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects			
	Remarks:Qualitative assessment, High, Hazardous					
Diethylene glycol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	44 mg/m3		
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	60 mg/m3		
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	43 mg/kg bw/day		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	12 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	12 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	21 mg/kg bw/day		
Hydrogen peroxide solution	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	3 mg/m3		
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1,4 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0,21 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	1,93 mg/m3		
Acetylacetone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	84 mg/m3		
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	12 mg/kg bw/day		

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:



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Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Diacetone alcohol	Fresh water	2 mg/l
	Intermittent water	1 mg/l
	Marine water	0,2 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	9,06 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Marine sediment	0,91 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Sewage treatment plant	82 mg/l
	Soil	0,63 mg/kg dry
		weight
Acetylacetone peroxide	Fresh water	0,17 mg/l
	Intermittent water	0,0054 mg/l
	Marine water	0,017 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1,53 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Marine sediment	0,153 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Sewage treatment plant	6,2 mg/l
	Soil	0,2 mg/kg dry
		weight
Diethylene glycol	Fresh water	10 mg/l
	Marine water	1 mg/l
	Intermittent water	10 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	199,5 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	20,9 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	2,09 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	1,53 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
Hydrogen peroxide solution	Fresh water	0,0126 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0126 mg/l
	Soil	0,0023 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	4,66 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,047 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,047 mg/kg
	Intermittent water	0,0138 mg/l
Acetylacetone	Marine water	0,02 mg/l
	Intermittent water	0,26 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1,32 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1,909 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Marine sediment	0,191 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Soil	0,193 mg/kg dry
		weight



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Fresh water 0,2 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Explosion proof ventilation recommended.

Effective exhaust ventilation system

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Material : Neoprene

Material : Nitrile rubber

Skin and body protection : Protective suit

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour or aerosol formation use a respirator

with an approved filter.

Filter A

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : red

Odour : Faint.

Odour Threshold : No data available

Melting point : $<= -10 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposes below the boiling point.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : Above the SADT value



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No flash point was obtained, but the product may release

flammable vapour.

Auto-ignition temperature : Test method not applicable

Decomposition temperature : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

60 °C

pH : substance/mixture not stable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 21 mPa.s (20 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : 19,91 mm2/s (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : (20 °C)

miscible

Solubility in other solvents : Description: Soluble in most organic solvents.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : 1 hPa (20 °C)

Relative density : 1,055 (20 °C)

Bulk density : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Not classified as oxidising.



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Flammability (liquids) : Decomposition products may be flammable.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Active Oxygen Content : 4,0 %

Organic peroxides : 25 - 35 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : A high degree of confinement must be avoided.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Contact with the following incompatible materials will result in

hazardous decomposition:

Acids and bases

Iron Copper

Reducing agents Heavy metals

Rust

Do not mix with peroxide accelerators, unless under controlled

processing.

Use only stainless steel 316, PP, polyethylene or glass-lined

equipment.

For queries regarding the suitability of other materials please

contact the supplier.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides
Acetylacetone
Hydrocarbons
Carbon dioxide



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Thermal decomposition : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

60 °C

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat. male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: ves

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single ingestion.

Remarks: The value is calculated

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): > 13,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: aerosol

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Remarks: The value is calculated

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: The value is calculated

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 3.002 mg/kg



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 7,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD0 (Rat, male and female): > 1.875 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): > 13,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: aerosol

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Diethylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat, male and female): > 300 - 2.000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 300,03 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not classified due to data which are conclusive

although insufficient for classification.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acetylacetone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 570 mg/kg



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Acute toxicity estimate: 570 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 5,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute toxicity estimate: 5,1 mg/l Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, female): 790 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 790 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 431 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Acute toxicity estimate: 431 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific

target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with

respiratory tract irritation.

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit, male): > 5.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.



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Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

Diethylene glycol:

Species : Rabbit
Exposure time : 23 h
Method : Draize Test
Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Acetylacetone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Result : Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritating to eyes.

GLP : yes



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Diethylene glycol:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 24 h

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Acetylacetone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Assessment : Causes severe burns.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

GLP : yes

Assessment : Eye irritation

May be harmful if swallowed.

Diethylene glycol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.6



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Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes

Acetylacetone:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

GLP : yes

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive GLP: yes

Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female) Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative GLP: yes

Diethylene glycol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male) Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Acetylacetone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Result: positive GLP: yes

Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive



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GLP: yes

Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vivo

Method: OECD Test Guideline 483

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 478

Result: Ambiguous results

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vivo

Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

Not mutagenic.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse (male and female)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Result : Not carcinogenic on laboratory animals.

Remarks : Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue

or surrogate).



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Diethylene glycol:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

NOAEL : > 1.160 mg/kg bw/day

Remarks : Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male and female

Strain: wistar

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0 100, 300, 1000 milligram per kilogram General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL F1: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Effects on foetal development

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

Dose: 100, 300, 800 milligram per kilogram

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Effects on foetal : Test Type: Pre-natal development : Species: Rat, females

Strain: wistar

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 150 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Diethylene glycol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Mouse, male and female

Application Route: Oral



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General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 3.060 mg/kg bw/day

Effects on foetal : Test Type: Pre-natal development : Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Acetylacetone:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Dose: 0, 50, 200, 400 ppm

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 200 ppm

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract

irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 100 mg/kg Application Route : Oral



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Exposure time : 44 d

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1,041 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapour
Exposure time : 14 d
Target Organs : Kidney

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 1000 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 28 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

GLP : yes Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 250 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

GLP : yes

Diethylene glycol:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 936 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

GLP : yes

Species : Dog, male

NOAEL : 2220 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Dermal

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

GLP : yes

Acetylacetone:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0,42 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapour
Exposure time : 90 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

GLP : yes



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Target Organs : Blood, Central nervous system

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

No aspiration toxicity classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No further data available.

Components:

Acetylacetone:

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Remarks : No further data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: semi-static test



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: Immobilization

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 100 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 67,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 7,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5,4

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mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: Growth inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

EC50: 13 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Diethylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 75.200 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

NOEC: 15.380 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 8.590 mg/l

Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Acetylacetone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 104 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25,9 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



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GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 83,2

mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (activated sludge): 13,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

EC50 (activated sludge): 107,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

NOEC: 10 mg/l Exposure time: 34 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 18 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 16,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 2,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test



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Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 1,38 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Biodegradability : Test Type: Ready biodegradability

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 98,5 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Biodegradability : Test Type: Ready biodegradability

Inoculum: Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 61 %

Related to: Chemical oxygen demand

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

GLP: yes

Diethylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Test Type: CO2 Evolution Test

Inoculum: activated sludge, non-adapted

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Biochemical Oxygen

Demand (BOD)

: Remarks: No data available

Acetylacetone:



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Biodegradability : Test Type: Ready biodegradability Inoculum: activated sludge

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: > 80 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Remarks: No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No bioaccumulation is expected.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0,09

Remarks: estimated

Acetylacetone peroxide:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 1,1 (25 °C)

octanol/water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Diethylene glycol:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1,98 (20 °C)

Acetylacetone:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0,68

octanol/water Method: Tested according to Annex V of Directive

67/548/EEC.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Diethylene glycol:



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Mobility : Remarks: Adsorption to the solid soil particles is not expected.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Mobility : Remarks: Can be leached out from soil.

Distribution among

environmental compartments

: Remarks: Transport to air is not expected.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

Diethylene glycol:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be a PBT (Persistent,

Bioaccumulation, Toxic). This substance is not considered to

be vPvB (very Persistent nor very Bioaccumulating)

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating

(vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.



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Components:

Acetylacetone:

Additional ecological

information

: None known.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulation.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. Due to the high risk of contamination recycling/recovery is not

recommended.

Follow all warnings even after the container is emptied.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 3105
RID : UN 3105
IMDG : UN 3105
IATA : UN 3105

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Acetylacetone peroxide)

RID : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID



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(Acetylacetone peroxide)

IMDG : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Acetylacetone peroxide)

IATA : Organic peroxide type D, liquid

(Acetylacetone peroxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADR : 5.2 RID : 5.2 IMDG : 5.2

IATA : 5.2 HEAT

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Hazard Identification Number : 539 Labels : 5.2

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 5.2 EmS Code : F-J, S-R

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 570

aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 570

(passenger aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no



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RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Number on list 3 : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic

pollutants (recast)

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and

import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Not applicable

P5c

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC

PEROXIDES



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The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory

AIIC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains one or several components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

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ENCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Acetylacetone peroxide : A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

Diethylene glycol : A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

Acetylacetone : A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

Hydrogen peroxide solution : A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour. H242 : Heating may cause a fire.

H271 : May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.



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H302 : Harmful if swallowed. H311 : Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 : Toxic if inhaled.
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aguatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aguatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Org. Perox. : Organic peroxides
Ox. Liq. : Oxidizing liquids
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 2006/15/EC : Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values FI OEL : Finland. HTP Values - Concentrations Known to be Harmful

2006/15/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours
FI OEL / HTP-arvot 8h : Long term exposure limit
FI OEL / HTP-arvot 15 min : Short term exposure limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test



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TRIGONOX 44B VRN

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population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information : This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in

section(s):

Hazards identification

Composition/information on ingredients

Toxicological information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Org. Perox. E	H242	Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Repr. 2	H361d	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method

This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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