

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

TRIGONOX HMa

 Version
 Revision Date:
 FR / EN
 Date of last issue: 23.04.2019

 4.0
 09.12.2022
 Date of first issue: 17.04.2015

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : TRIGONOX HMa

UFI YSE6-402Y-R00S-WXCY

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Curing agent

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Nouryon Functional Chemicals B.V.

Haaksbergweg 88

NL 1101 BZ Amsterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31889840367

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: polymer.emeia@nouryon.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

number

24 hours:+31 57 06 79211, US-CHEMTREC:1-800-424-9300, CA-CANUTEC:1-613-996-6666, JP: +81 (836) 74 8810, CN:

化学事故应急咨询电话: +86 532 8388 9090-:

Nouryon Emergency Response Centre: +31 570 679211

ORFILA / INRS: +33 1 45 42 59 59

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Organic peroxides, Type D H242: Heating may cause a fire.

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled.



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Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1C H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard,

Category 2

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.



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P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do

NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish. P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate Methyl isobutyl ketone

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide	37206-20-5 942-932-9 01-2120103792-63	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Org. Perox. A; H240 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Corr. 1C; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 45 - <= 55



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2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	6846-50-0	Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 1.575,3 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l Repr. 2; H361d	>= 15 - <= 25
diisobutanoate	229-934-9 01-2119451093-47	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 10 <= 20
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1 203-550-1 606-004-00-4 01-2119473980-30	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 10 - <= 15
		Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation	
		toxicity (vapour): 11 mg/l	
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2 204-626-7 603-016-00-1 01-2119473975-21	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Repr. 2; H361d STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) ————————————————————————————————————	>= 5 - <= 15
Hydrogen peroxide solution	7722-84-1 231-765-0 008-003-00-9 01-2119485845-22	Ox. Liq. 1; H271 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3;	< 2



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specific concentration limit Ox. Liq. 1; H271 >= 70 % Ox. Liq. 2; H272 50 - < 70 % Skin Corr. 1A; H314 >= 70 % Skin Gorr. 1B; H314 50 - < 70 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 35 - < 50 % Eye Dam. 1; H318 8 - < 50 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319 5 - < 8 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 35 % Aquatic Chronic 3;

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Immediate medical attention is required.

Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.



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Rinse immediately with plenty of water.

Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with

difficulty.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Rinse with plenty of water.

Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse during

transport.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible

tissue damage and blindness.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Take victim immediately to hospital.

Do not induce vomiting! May cause chemical burns in mouth

and throat.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : The symptoms and effects are as expected from the hazards

as shown in section 2. No specific product related symptoms

are known.

Risks : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Causes severe burns.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

CAUTION: reignition may occur.

Supports combustion.

Water spray may be ineffective unless used by experienced

firefighters.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions.

Hazardous combustion

products

Fire will produce smoke containing hazardous combustion

products (see section 10).

Oxygen

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Wear respiratory protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Prevent unauthorised persons entering the zone.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as



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hazardous waste.

Use only inert inorganic material such as vermiculite or perlite

as absorbent.

Keep mixture of absorbent material and spilled product wetted

with water.

Confinement must be avoided.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13. For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

For personal protection see section 8. Advice on safe handling

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Avoid contact with skin.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Container may be opened only under exhaust ventilation

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Use explosion protected equipment. Avoid formation of aerosol. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. No

sparking tools should be used. Keep away from reducing

agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalies and heavy metal compounds (e.g. accelerators, driers, metal soaps). Do not cut or weld on or near this container even when empty. Take

measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Keep away from combustible material.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

> practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

It is recommended to use electrical equipment of temperature Temperature class

group T3. However, autoignition can never be excluded.



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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Prevent unauthorized access. No smoking. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards. Keep only in original container. Store away from other materials.

Further information on storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Maximum storage temperature is for quality only.

Maximum storage temperature:

: 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult the technical guidelines for the use of this

substance/mixture.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	TWA	20 ppm 83 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further inform	ation: Indicative		
		STEL	50 ppm 208 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further inform	ation: Indicative		
		VME	20 ppm 83 mg/m3	FR VLE
	Further information: Carcinogenic category 2 - Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Regulatory binding exposure limits			
		VLCT (VLE)	50 ppm 208 mg/m3	FR VLE
	Further information: Carcinogenic category 2 - Possibly carcinogenic to humans, Regulatory binding exposure limits			
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2	VME	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	FR VLE
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits			
Hydrogen peroxide solution	7722-84-1	VME	1 ppm 1,5 mg/m3	FR VLE
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits			



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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value	
Methyl isobutyl ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/m3	
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	11,8 mg/kg bw/day	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	14,7 mg/m3	
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	4,2 mg/kg bw/day	
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	4,2 mg/kg bw/day	
Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2,64 mg/m3	
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	1,5 mg/kg bw/day	
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		
	Remarks:Qualit	ative assessment, F	ligh, Hazardous		
	Workers	Dermal	Acute local effects		
	Remarks:Qualit	ative assessment, F	ligh, Hazardous		
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		
	Remarks:Qualitative assessment, medium hazard (no threshold derived)				
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	,	
	Remarks:Quality	ative assessment, n	nedium hazard (no thres	hold derived)	
	Workers	Eye contact	,	<u> </u>	
			nedium hazard (no thres	hold derived)	
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- pentanediol diisobutanoate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	17,62 mg/m3	
	Workers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg bw/day	
Diacetone alcohol	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	9,4 mg/kg bw/day	
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	66,4 mg/m3	
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	240 mg/m3	
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	66,4 mg/m3	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	120 mg/m3	
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	3,4 mg/kg bw/day	
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3,4 mg/kg bw/day	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic	11,8 mg/m3	



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			effects	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	11,8 mg/m3
Hydrogen peroxide solution	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	3 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1,4 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0,21 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	1,93 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Methyl isobutyl ketone	Fresh water	0,6 mg/l
	Marine water	0,06 mg/l
	Intermittent water	1,5 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	27,5 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	8,27 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Marine sediment	0,83 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Soil	1,3 mg/kg dry
		weight
Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide	Fresh water	0,00133 mg/l
	Marine water	0,00133 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1,28 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,59 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,059 mg/kg
	Soil	0,117 mg/kg
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate	Fresh water	0,014 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0014 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	3 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	5,29 mg/kg dry weight
	Marine sediment	0,529 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Soil	1,05 mg/kg dry
		weight
Diacetone alcohol	Fresh water	2 mg/l
	Intermittent water	1 mg/l
	Marine water	0,2 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	9,06 mg/kg dry weight
	Marine sediment	0,91 mg/kg dry weight
	Sewage treatment plant	82 mg/l



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	Soil	0,63 mg/kg dry weight
Hydrogen peroxide solution	Fresh water	0,0126 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0126 mg/l
	Soil	0,0023 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	4,66 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,047 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,047 mg/kg
	Intermittent water	0,0138 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Explosion proof ventilation recommended.

Effective exhaust ventilation system

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Neoprene

Material : Nitrile rubber

Skin and body protection : Protective suit

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour or aerosol formation use a respirator

with an approved filter.

Filter A

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Clear liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : Faint.

Odour Threshold : No data available

Melting point : No data available



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Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposes below the boiling point.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : 45 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Test method not applicable

Decomposition temperature : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

55 °C

pH : substance/mixture not stable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : Description: Soluble in most organic solvents.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Bulk density : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : No data available



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9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Not classified as oxidising.

Flammability (liquids) : Decomposition products may be flammable.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Active Oxygen Content : 10,3 %

Organic peroxides : 45 - 55 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Confinement must be avoided.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Contact with the following incompatible materials will result in

hazardous decomposition:

Acids and bases

Iron Copper

Reducing agents Heavy metals

Rust

Do not mix with peroxide accelerators, unless under controlled

processing.

Use only stainless steel 316, PP, polyethylene or glass-lined

equipment.

For queries regarding the suitability of other materials please

contact the supplier.



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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Hazardous decomposition : Carbon oxides

products

Thermal decomposition : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

55 °C

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.770 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1.575,3 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity estimate: 1.575,3 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403



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Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LCLo (Rat): > 0,12 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2.080 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/l

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

LC50 (Rat, male): 8,2 - 16,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD0 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Diacetone alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 3.002 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 7,6 mg/l



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Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD0 (Rat, male and female): > 1.875 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 431 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Acute toxicity estimate: 431 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific

target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with

respiratory tract irritation.

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit, male): > 5.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 4 h

Assessment : Category 1C

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404



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Result : Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 4 h

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

GLP : yes

Diacetone alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Result : Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Species : Rabbit Assessment : Category 1

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

GLP : yes Remarks : Dose 0,1 ml



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Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Species Rabbit

Method **OECD Test Guideline 405**

Result Irritating to eyes.

GLP

Diacetone alcohol:

Species Rabbit

Method **OECD Test Guideline 405**

Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Result

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Assessment Causes severe burns.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Test Type **Maximisation Test**

Species Guinea pig

Assessment May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Method OECD Test Guideline 406

GLP yes

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species

Assessment The substance or mixture is not classified.

Result Not a skin sensitizer.

Species Human.

Assessment The substance or mixture is not classified.

Not a skin sensitizer. Result

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Test Type **Maximisation Test** Species Guinea pig

OECD Test Guideline 406 Method



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Result : Not sensitizing.

Diacetone alcohol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Human lymphocytes

Metabolic activation: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Human lymphocytes Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: Chinese hamster lung fibroblasts

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: Not mutagenic.

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative GLP: yes



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Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.13/14

(Ames test) Result: negative GLP: yes

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: Ambiguous results

GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative GLP: yes

Diacetone alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells



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Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse (male and female)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Species : Rat, male and female Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

NOAEC : 450 ppm

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

GLP : yes

Carcinogenicity - : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

Assessment animals.

Diacetone alcohol:

Result : Not carcinogenic on laboratory animals.

Remarks : Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue

or surrogate).

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female



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Strain: wistar

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

GLP: yes

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

GLP: yes

Effects on foetal development

Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rat Strain: wistar

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 65 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAFI: 1,000

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1.000 ppm General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 2.000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

GLP: yes

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1.000 ppm

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 3.000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Diacetone alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development



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Species: Rat, male and female

Strain: wistar

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0 100, 300, 1000 milligram per kilogram General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL F1: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Effects on foetal

Species: Rabbit, female development Application Route: Oral

Dose: 100, 300, 800 milligram per kilogram

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

GLP: yes

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Narcotic effects Target Organs

Assessment The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

Diacetone alcohol:

Exposure routes Inhalation

Target Organs Respiratory system

Assessment The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract

irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diacetone alcohol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.



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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 750 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral

Remarks : Not classified due to data which are conclusive although

insufficient for classification.

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 250 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

GLP : yes

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 450 ppm

Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

GLP : yes

Diacetone alcohol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 100 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 44 d

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1,041 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapour
Exposure time : 14 d
Target Organs : Kidney

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.



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2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Diacetone alcohol:

No aspiration toxicity classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

Remarks : No further data available.

Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Remarks : No further data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,89 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes



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NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,38 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,48 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

1,04 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0,15 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 37 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

NOEC (activated sludge): 6,33 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:



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Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Fish): >= 6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,46 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 7,49

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Lowest observed effect level: > 1,3 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0,7 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 179 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 200 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 30 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211



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Diacetone alcohol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Immobilization

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 100 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 16,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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literature.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 2,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 1,38 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Biodegradability : Test Type: Ready biodegradability

Inoculum: Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 76 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

GLP: yes

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Biodegradability : Test Type: CO2 Evolution Test

Biodegradation: 70,73 % Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: The 10 day time window criterion is not fulfilled.

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Biodegradability : Test Type: Ready biodegradability

Inoculum: Activated sludge, domestic Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

GLP: yes



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Diacetone alcohol:

Biodegradability : Test Type: Ready biodegradability

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 98,5 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Biochemical Oxygen

Demand (BOD)

: Remarks: No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 4,2 (20 °C)

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Concentration: 0,00519 mg/l Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 194

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Concentration: 0,0517 mg/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 183

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Concentration: 0,0956 mg/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,95

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,04 - 4,91 (25 °C)

pH: 7

Method: Calculation method

Methyl isobutyl ketone:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1,9 octanol/water pH: 6,7

Diacetone alcohol:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No bioaccumulation is expected.

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -0,09



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octanol/water Remarks: estimated

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Mobility : Remarks: Can be leached out from soil.

Distribution among : Remarks: Transport to air is not expected.

environmental compartments

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating

(vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.



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Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulation.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. Due to the high risk of contamination recycling/recovery is not

recommended.

Follow all warnings even after the container is emptied.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 3105
ADR : UN 3105
RID : UN 3105
IMDG : UN 3105
IATA : UN 3105

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide)

ADR : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide)



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RID : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide)

IMDG : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide)

IATA : Organic peroxide type D, liquid

(Methyl isobutyl ketone peroxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADN : 5.2

ADR : 5.2 **RID** : 5.2

IMDG : 5.2

IATA : 5.2 HEAT

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Hazard Identification Number : 539 Labels : 5.2

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 5.2 EmS Code : F-J, S-R

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 570

aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 570



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(passenger aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be

considered: Number on list 3 : Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic

pollutants (recast)

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European

Parliament and the Council concerning the export and

import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable



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Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all Hydrogen peroxide solution suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts (ANNEX I) should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES

PEROXIDES

E2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Occupational Illnesses (R-

461-3, France)

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Reinforced medical supervision (R4624-18)

The product has no CMR properties

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

AIIC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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TSCA Inventory or in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- : A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

pentanediol diisobutanoate substance.

Hydrogen peroxide solution : A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
H240 : Heating may cause an explosion.

H271 : May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids

Org. Perox. : Organic peroxides
Ox. Liq. : Oxidizing liquids
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion

Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure



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2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

FR VLE : France. Occupational Exposure Limits

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit FR VLE / VME : Time Weighted Average FR VLE / VLCT (VLE) : Short Term Exposure Limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information : This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in

section(s):

Hazards identification

Composition/information on ingredients

Toxicological information Ecological information



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Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure: Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Based on product data or assessment Org. Perox. D H242 Based on product data or assessment Acute Tox. 4 H302 Based on product data or assessment Acute Tox. 4 H332 Calculation method Skin Corr. 1C H314 Calculation method H318 Eye Dam. 1 Calculation method Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method Carc. 2 H351 Calculation method Repr. 2 H361d Calculation method H304 Asp. Tox. 1 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Calculation method

This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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