

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

BUTANOX M-50A

Version Revision Date: BG / EN Date of last issue: 19.12.2022

3.2 11.04.2023 Date of first issue: 23.04.2015

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : BUTANOX M-50A

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Curing agent

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Nouryon Functional Chemicals B.V.

Haaksbergweg 88

NL 1101 BZ Amsterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31889840367

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: polymer.emeia@nouryon.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

telephone:

24 hours:+31 57 06 79211, US-CHEMTREC:1-800-424-9300, CA-CANUTEC:1-613-996-6666, JP: +81 (836) 74 8810, CN:

化学事故应急咨询电话: +86 532 8388 9090-:

Nouryon Emergency Response Centre: +31 570 679211

Poison Centre: +359 3 9194 233

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Organic peroxides, Type D H242: Heating may cause a fire.

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.



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Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting

Category 3 effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcoholresistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane



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2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate	6846-50-0 229-934-9 01-2119451093-47	Repr. 2; H361d Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 60 - <= 70
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane	1338-23-4 215-661-2 01-2119514691-43	Org. Perox. A; H240 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 1.017 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	>= 30 - <= 35
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3 201-159-0 606-002-00-3 01-2119457290-43	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 1 - <= 2
Hydrogen peroxide solution	7722-84-1	Ox. Liq. 1; H271	>= 1 - <= 3



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Acute Tox. 4; H302 231-765-0 008-003-00-9 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 01-2119485845-22 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 specific concentration limit Ox. Liq. 1; H271 >= 70 % Ox. Liq. 2; H272 50 - < 70 % Skin Corr. 1A; H314 >= 70 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314 50 - < 70 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 35 - < 50 % Eye Dam. 1; H318 8 - < 50 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319 5 - < 8 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 35 % Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 >= 63 % Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 431 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Immediate medical attention is required.



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Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water.

Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with

difficulty.

In case of eye contact Rinse with plenty of water.

Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse during

transport.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eve.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible

tissue damage and blindness.

If swallowed Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Take victim immediately to hospital.

Do not induce vomiting! May cause chemical burns in mouth

and throat.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms The symptoms and effects are as expected from the hazards

as shown in section 2. No specific product related symptoms

are known.

Risks : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Causes serious eve damage.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Causes severe burns.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

CAUTION: reignition may occur.

Supports combustion.

Water spray may be ineffective unless used by experienced

firefighters.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions.

Hazardous combustion

products

Fire will produce smoke containing hazardous combustion

products (see section 10).

Oxygen

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

> Wear respiratory protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Prevent unauthorised persons entering the zone.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as

hazardous waste.

Use only inert inorganic material such as vermiculite or perlite

as absorbent.

Keep mixture of absorbent material and spilled product wetted

with water.

Confinement must be avoided.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13. For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Use explosion protected equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. No sparking tools should be used. Keep away from reducing agents (e.g. amines), acids, alkalies

and heavy metal compounds (e.g. accelerators, driers, metal soaps). Do not cut or weld on or near this container even when empty. Keep away from combustible material.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Temperature class : It is recommended to use electrical equipment of temperature

group T3. However, autoignition can never be excluded.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Prevent unauthorized access. No smoking. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards. Keep only in original

container. Store away from other materials.



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Further information on

storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Maximum storage temperature is for quality only.

Minimum storage

temperature:

: Avoid temperatures below:

-25 °C

Maximum storage

temperature:

: 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) Consult the technical guidelines for the use of this

substance/mixture.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Methyl ethyl	78-93-3	STEL	300 ppm	2000/39/EC
ketone			900 mg/m3	
	Further inform	nation: Indicative		
		TWA	200 ppm	2000/39/EC
			600 mg/m3	
	Further information: Indicative			
		TWA	590 mg/m3	BG OEL
		STEL	885 mg/m3	BG OEL
Hydrogen peroxide solution	7722-84-1	TWA	1,5 mg/m3	BG OEL

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Formic acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	2006/15/EC
	Further info	Further information: Indicative		
		TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	BG OEL
Organic acid	64-19-7	TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	2017/164/EU
	Further info	rmation: Indicative	-	



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		STEL	20 ppm 50 mg/m3	2017/164/EU		
	Further info	er information: Indicative				
		STEL	20 ppm 50 mg/m3	BG OEL		
		TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	BG OEL		
Fatty acid	79-09-4	STEL	20 ppm 62 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
	Further info	Further information: Indicative				
		TWA	10 ppm 31 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
	Further info	Further information: Indicative				
		TWA	10 ppm 31 mg/m3	BG OEL		
		STEL	20 ppm 62 mg/m3	BG OEL		
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	STEL	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
	Further information: Indicative		<u>.</u>			
		TWA	200 ppm 600 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
	Further info	rmation: Indicative	e			
		TWA	590 mg/m3	BG OEL		
		STEL	885 mg/m3	BG OEL		

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane-2,2- diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec- butylhexaoxidane	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0,54 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,41 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0,27 mg/kg
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1,08 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1,9 mg/m3
Hydrogen peroxide solution	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	3 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1,4 mg/m3



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	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0,21 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	1,93 mg/m3
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- pentanediol diisobutanoate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	17,62 mg/m3
	Workers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg bw/day
Methyl ethyl ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	600 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1161 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	106 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	412 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	31 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Methyl ethyl ketone	Fresh water	0,0056 mg/l
peroxide;Reaction mass of		
butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide		
and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane		
	Intermittent water	0,056 mg/l
	Marine water	0,00056 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,019 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Marine sediment	0,0019 mg/kg dry
		weight
	Sewage treatment plant	1,2 mg/l
	Soil	0,00231 mg/kg
		dry weight
Hydrogen peroxide solution	Fresh water	0,0126 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0126 mg/l
	Soil	0,0023 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	4,66 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,047 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,047 mg/kg
	Intermittent water	0,0138 mg/l
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	Fresh water	0,014 mg/l
diisobutanoate		
	Marine water	0,0014 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	3 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	5,29 mg/kg dry
		weight



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	Marine sediment	0,529 mg/kg dry weight
	Soil	1,05 mg/kg dry weight
Methyl ethyl ketone	Fresh water	55,8 mg/l
	Marine water	55,8 mg/l
	Intermittent water	55,8 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	709 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	284,74 mg/kg dry weight
	Marine sediment	284,74 mg/kg dry weight
	Soil	22,5 mg/kg dry weight
	Oral	1000 mg/kg food

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Explosion proof ventilation recommended.

Effective exhaust ventilation system

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Neoprene

Material : Nitrile rubber

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : >= 480 min
Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Remarks : Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change

gloves often!

The data about break through time/strength of material are standard values! The exact break through time/strength of material has to be obtained from the producer of the

protective glove.

Skin and body protection : Protective suit

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour or aerosol formation use a respirator

with an approved filter.



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Filter A

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Clear liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : Faint.

Odour Threshold : No data available

Melting point : No data available

Boiling point : Decomposes below the boiling point.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Flash point : Above the SADT value

No flash point was obtained, but the product may release

flammable vapour.

Auto-ignition temperature : Test method not applicable

Decomposition temperature : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

60 °C

pH : substance/mixture not stable



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Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : partly miscible

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1 g/cm3

Relative vapour density : No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Flammability (liquids) : Decomposition products may be flammable.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Active Oxygen Content : 8,8 - 9,0 %

Organic peroxides : 30 - 35 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.



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10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Confinement must be avoided.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Contact with the following incompatible materials will result in

hazardous decomposition:

Acids and bases

Iron Copper

Reducing agents Heavy metals

Rust

Do not mix with peroxide accelerators, unless under controlled

processing.

Use only stainless steel 316, PP, polyethylene or glass-lined

equipment.

For queries regarding the suitability of other materials please

contact the supplier.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Formic acid

Organic acid

Fatty acid

Methyl ethyl ketone

Carbon oxides

Thermal decomposition : SADT - (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the

lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition below the SADT.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

60 °C



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (rats): 1.017 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 4.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LCLo (Rat): > 0,12 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 1.017 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

GLP: no

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): 4.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2.737 mg/kg



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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 6.480 mg/kg

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 431 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific

target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with

respiratory tract irritation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit, male): > 5.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Product:

Species : Rabbit Assessment : Category 1B

Method : Tested according to Annex V of Directive 67/548/EEC.

Result : Sub-category 1B

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 4 h

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide;Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-

sec-butylhexaoxidane:

Result : Causes burns.



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Methyl ethyl ketone:

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Remarks : Moderately irritating.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Result : Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Method : Tested according to Annex V of Directive 67/548/EEC.

Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

GLP : yes

Remarks : Dose 0,1 ml

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-

sec-butylhexaoxidane:

Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Result : Irritating to eyes.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Assessment : Causes severe burns.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.



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Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified.

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Species : Human.

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified.

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.13/14

(Ames test) Result: negative GLP: yes

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Not classified due to data which are conclusive

although insufficient for classification.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:



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Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse (male and female)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Remarks : No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Reproductive toxicity - : Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

Assessment animal experiments.

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0 25, 50, 75 milligram per kilogram

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL F1: 50 mg/kg bw/day

Fertility: NOAEL Parent: 75 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

GLP: yes

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Remarks : Not classified due to data which are conclusive although

insufficient for classification.



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Methyl ethyl ketone:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 750 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral

Remarks : Not classified due to data which are conclusive although

insufficient for classification.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Methyl ethyl ketone:

No aspiration toxicity classification



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11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No further data available.

Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Remarks : No further data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 44,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Immobilization

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 5,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (activated sludge): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,5 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: Domestic OECD Guideline 209



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Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Fish): >= 6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,46 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 7,49

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

Lowest observed effect level: > 1,3 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0,7 mg/l

End point: reproduction rate

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 44,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

NOEC (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h



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Test Type: Immobilization

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 26,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: Immobilization

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 5,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 2,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 48 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,5 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: Domestic OECD Guideline 209

GLP: yes

EC10 (activated sludge): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,5 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Method: Domestic OECD Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 3.220 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 16,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 2,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h



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Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 1,38 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Biodegradability : Test Type: CO2 Evolution Test

Biodegradation: 70,73 % Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: The 10 day time window criterion is not fulfilled.

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: Closed Bottle test

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Biochemical Oxygen

Demand (BOD)

Remarks: No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutanoate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Concentration: 0,00519 mg/l Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 194



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Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Concentration: 0,0517 mg/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 183

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Concentration: 0,0956 mg/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,95

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,04 - 4,91 (25 °C)

pH: 7

Method: Calculation method

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and disec-butylhexaoxidane:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10,3

Remarks: Not expected considering the low log Pow value.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: < 2,04 (25 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,29

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Mobility : Remarks: Can be leached out from soil.

Distribution among

environmental compartments

Remarks: Transport to air is not expected.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.



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Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating

(vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Components:

Hydrogen peroxide solution:

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulation.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. Due to the high risk of contamination recycling/recovery is not



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recommended.

Follow all warnings even after the container is emptied.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 3105
ADR : UN 3105
RID : UN 3105
IMDG : UN 3105
IATA : UN 3105

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

ADR : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

RID : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

IMDG : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

IATA : Organic peroxide type D, liquid

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADN : 5.2
ADR : 5.2
RID : 5.2
IMDG : 5.2

IATA : 5.2 HEAT

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2

ADR



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Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Hazard Identification Number : 539 Labels : 5.2

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 5.2 EmS Code : F-J, S-R

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 570

aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 570

(passenger aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

adr

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

Number on list 75, 3

If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your

vendor.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic

pollutants (recast)

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and

import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of

explosives precursors

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all Hydrogen peroxide solution suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts (ANNEX I) should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

P6b

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC

PEROXIDES

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory



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AIIC On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

DSL All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

ENCS On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ISHL On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TECI On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3pentanediol diisobutanoate A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide; Reaction mass of

butane-2,2-diyl

dihydroperoxide and di-sec-

butylhexaoxidane

Hydrogen peroxide solution

: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this

substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H240 Heating may cause an explosion.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314

Causes serious eye damage. H318 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



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H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids Org. Perox. Organic peroxides Ox. Liq. Oxidizing liquids Repr. Reproductive toxicity

Skin Corr. Skin corrosion

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values 2006/15/EC 2017/164/EU Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a

fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Bulgaria. Ordinance on the Protection of Workers from Risks **BG OEL**

related to Exposure to Chemical Agents at Work.

2000/39/EC / TWA Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL Short term exposure limit 2006/15/EC / TWA Limit Value - eight hours 2017/164/EU / STEL Short term exposure limit 2017/164/EU / TWA Limit Value - eight hours

BG OEL / TWA 8-hr Limit BG OEL / STEL : 15-min Limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -



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International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information : This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in

section(s):

Accidental release measures

Handling and storage

Exposure controls/personal protection

Regulatory information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

		•
Org. Perox. D	H242	Based on product data or assessment
Acute Tox. 4	H302	Based on product data or assessment
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Corr. 1B	H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Based on product data or assessment
Repr. 2	H361d	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



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