

ecification for chemical safety

According per GB / T 16483 and GB / T 17519

1. Chemicals and corporate identification

Chemical Chinese name: Parylene unsaturated polyester resin

English name: Terephthalic Unsaturated Polyester Resin (SW ANCOR 963)

Company Name, Address and Telephone number: Shangwei New Material Technology Co., LTD. Address: No.618, Songsheng Road, Songjiang District, Shanghai Tel.: 86-21-57746183

Enterprise emergency telephone / Fax: 400-6267911

Product recommendation and restricted use: no information

not have

Other harm

F-mail · shanghai@swancor.com.cn

Postcode: 201600

| E-mail : shanghai@swar | ncor.com.cn Postcode: 201600 |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| | 2. Hazard-based overview |
| | ● Flammable liquid, category 3; |
| | • Skin corrosion / irritation, category 2; |
| | • Severe eye injury / eye irritation, category 2; |
| | • Germ cells to mutation, category 2; |
| The GHS hazard | • Carcogenicity, |
| category | category 2; One contact, category 2; |
| | -specific target Repeated contact, category 2; organ system toxicity |
| | ● -specific target organ system toxicity |
| | ● Hazard to the water environment —— Acute aquatic biological toxicity, category 3; |
| | ● Hazard to the water environment —— Chronic aquatic biological toxicity, category 3; |
| | ive graph: |
| | Warning words: dangerous |
| | Hazard description: flammable liquid and steam |
| | Cause skin, skin irritation |
| | Cause the eyes, the eye stimulation |
| Tag elements | A heritable defect is suspected |
| | Suspected cancer |
| | Suspected of harm to fertility or the fetus |
| | Long-term exposure may affect the liver, kidney, and blood systems |
| | Harmful to aquatic life Prevention Note: Keep the container in a well-ventilated place |
| | Do not inhale gas / smoke / vapor / fog |
| | Wear appropriate protective clothing |
| | Avoid long, period exposure |
| | • Preventive measures: maintain a ventilated environment, pay attention to wear appropriate protective clothing and breathing masks and gloves |
| | • Accident response: Emergency treatment according to different conditions, refer to the fourt part of first aid measures. If you have any doubt, please seek medical advice immediately. |
| | • Secure storage:. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, avoid direct sunlight, stay away from heat source and fire source. |
| | • Waste disposal: disposal in accordance with the current regulations. |
| Physical and chemical hazards | Flammable liquids and vapor, causing skin irritation and eye irritation |
| health hazard | Long-term exposure may affect the liver, kidney, and blood systems |
| environment hazards | Harmful to aquatic life |
| Overview of the emergency situations | Put the container in a well-ventilated place, do not inhale gas / smoke / steam / fog |
| | |

3. Composition / composition information

| component | Concentration or concentration range | CAS No |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Poly terephthalate glycol ester resin (Polyethylene terephthalate) | 54% | 25038-59-9 |
| Styrene (Styrene) | 46% | 100-42-5 |

4. First-aid measures

| | 4. First and measures |
|---|--|
| | Inhalation: Remove the source or move the patient to fresh air to keep breathing and rest. Seek medical advice immediately if you feel unwell. |
| give first aid treatment | Skin contact: remove excessive contaminated chemicals as soon as possible, use water and non-frictional soap and thoroughly flush the affected area for more than 20 minutes, remove contaminated clothes, shoes and leather products (such as strap, belt) in the flushing water, if skin irritation or rash, seek medical attention immediately. |
| | Eye contact: remove the excessive contaminated chemicals as soon as possible, open the eyelids, immediately rinse with warm water, remove the contaminated area for more than 20 minutes, be careful not to let the contaminated water affect other eyes or faces, and seek medical treatment immediately. |
| | Feed: if the patient is about to or has lost consciousness or spasm, do not feed anything through the mouth, do not vomit, let the patient drink 240~300, milliliter of water to dilute the substances in the stomach, if spontaneous vomiting, let the patient lean forward to avoid the harm of inhaling vomit, repeatedly let the patient gargle, and seek medical treatment immediately. |
| Most important symptoms and harmful effects | |
| Advice to protect the rescuer | Wear protective gloves to avoid exposure to contaminants. |
| Special tips for the doctor | |

5. fire protection

| annihilator | Chemical dry powder, carbon dioxide, and water |
|-------------------------|--|
| Especially dangerous | In case of high heat, open fire or contact with oxidant, there is a risk of combustion |
| Notes for fire fighting | Fire fighters must wear air respirators and full fire suits to put out the fire in the upwind. Cool the storage tank or container exposed to the fire site with water mist, and remove the container from the fire site without endangering the safety of personnel. |
| preventive measure | Fire personnel must wear air breathing apparatus and full-body fire suits. |

Vi. Emergency treatment of leakage

| Protective measures, protective equipment and emergency handling procedures for operators | Use of personal protective equipment. Keep away from overflow / leaks and at the upper hand to ensure adequate ventilation. The seat belt should be circled in the leakage area to control the entry of non-relevant personnel. |
|---|---|
| Environmental protection measures | Prevent access into sewers, ditches, or enclosed spaces. |
| The reception and removal methods of the leaking chemicals and the disposal materials used | Do not touch the leak, try to prevent or reduce the leak under the safety permit. Block the drain with soil, sand or absorbent that does not react with the drain. In case of major leakage, dike control, and connect fire, safety, environmental protection and emergency treatment units and suppliers for assistance. Attures or collections should be discarded immediately according to appropriate laws and regulations. |

Vii. Operation, disposal and storage

| | 1. Consider installing temperature detection and alarm system; for leakage, leakage or |
|----------------------|---|
| | ventilation loss, report immediately. 2. Remove all ignition sources, stay away from hot and |
| | combustible substances, and post non-smoking signs.3. If it is not deployed or packaged in a |
| | closed system, be sure to connect the mixing container with the receiving device and the |
| | container.4. Do not cut, weld or drill into empty containers, barrels or delivery lines unless |
| Operation note, | it is determined that the vapor or liquid has been completely removed. 5. Non-spark ventilation |
| meaning matters | system, qualified explosion-proof device and safe electrical system shall be used in the use |
| | area.6. Do not dispose together with incompatible substances, or pour contaminated substances |
| | back into the original container. 7. The container should be marked with the date of storage, |
| | commissioning and abandonment, and should not be kept close at any time and avoid damage.8. |
| | Empty containers may contain residues, and they may also have the same harm.9. Use the minimum |
| | amount of use in well-ventilated places as far as possible, and avoid producing steam or fog |
| | drops during operation.10. Store it in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, avoid direct |
| | sunlight, and stay away from the heat source and fire source. |
| | 11. The storage temperature control shall not exceed 32°C. |
| | 1. No fireworks or other fire sources are allowed, whether in indoor or outdoor storage areas. 2 |
| | . Keep away from oxidants, corrosions and other incompatible substances. |
| | 3. Appropriate warning signs shall be posted in the storage area, to check the leakage or |
| | damage regularly, and the fire extinguishing agent and leakage treatment substances available |
| Store notes, meaning | in the device near the storage area.4. Check all storage containers to determine their |
| Store notes, meaning | appropriate marks and no damage. |
| | 5. Keep the container tight and limited storage. |
| | 6. Remove all ignition sources and keep away from heat and incompatibilities.7. Wear |
| | appropriate personal protective equipment when necessary to avoid contact with this chemical or |
| | contaminated equipment.8. Store the chemicals at the storage temperature recommended by the |
| | chemical manufacturer or the supplier, and a temperature detection alarm can be installed if |
| | necessary to warn whether the temperature is too high or too low.9. Avoid a large amount of |
| | storage indoors, as far as possible in isolated fire buildings. |
| | 10. The storage area shall be isolated from the general operation area and far away from the manufacturing elevator or entrance and exit. |
| | manufacturing elevator of entrance and exit. |

VIII. Contact control / personal protection

| | | viii. Contac | t control / p | ersonar proce | Ction | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------|------------|--|
| 0 | Component name | Standard source | type | standard value | remarks | |
| Occupational exposure limits | styrene | Eight hours of daily time volume | PC-TW A | 50mg /m 3 | | |
| | | Short time amount | PC-S TEL | 100mg/m 3 | | |
| Biological limits | Component name | Standard source | Biological monitoring indicators | Biological limits | dwell time | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Use local exhaust d | evice and seal the r | orocess if necessarv | to control droplets | and steam | |
| engineering control | | | | hat do not spark and | | |
| | exhaust port goes directly to the outside area. Provide sufficient fresh air to replenish the | | | | | |
| | air extracted by the exhaust system. Install the shower and eye washer simultaneously. | | | | | |
| | Respiratory system protection:, chemical filter tank respiratory protective device containing machine steam filter tank; or air supply respiratory protective device. | | | evice containing | | |
| Individual protective | Hand protection: anti-seepage gloves. For more than 8 hours, it is recommended to use 4H or | | | | | |
| equipment | Barricad e (trade name); for more than 4 hours, polyethylene glycol, ferroflorone, fluorinated | | | | | |
| | elastomer material can be used. | | | | | |
| | Eye protection: splash-safe chemical safety goggles or face shield. Eye washing equipm | | | | | |
| | Skin and body protection: rubber clothing, apron and work boots. | | | | | |
| health measure | Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited in the workplace. Wash your hands thoroughly after handling this object. Take off the contaminated clothes as soon as possible after work, and then wear or discard them after washing, and the laundry personnel must be informed of the harm | | | | | |
| | of pollutants. After the work, take the shower and change the clothes. Keep the workplace clean and maintain good hygiene habits. | | | | | |

IX. Physical and chemical characteristics

| Appearance and traits | Yellow micro, turbid liquid | Octanol-Water Distribution coefficient (1gP) | insignificance |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|----------------|
| pH price | | critical temperatures (°C) | |
| melting point (°C) | -30.6℃ | Critical Pressure (MPa) | |
| boiling point (°C) | 145℃.2 | autogenous ignition temperature (℃) | 490℃ |
| flash point (℃) | 31℃ (Test method: closed cup) | decomposition temperature $({\mathbb C})$ | |
| upper explosive limit | 1. 1%-6. 1% | Heat of combustion (kJ / mol) | |
| smel1 | | evaporation rate | |
| Saturated vapor pressure (kPa) | 4.5mmHg@20℃ | Flammability (solid, gas) | inflammable |
| Relative density (water as in 1) | 1.09 ± 0.02 (water =1) | Viscosity (mPa • s) | 350±70@25℃ |
| Relative steam density (air as in 1) | 3.6g/l | Odor threshold (mg / m ³) | |
| solubility | Insoluble in water, soluble in organic solvents such as acetone. | | |

X, Stability and reactivity

| n, beablify and leaveling | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| stability | Generally stable | |
| Dangerous reaction | Metal salts, peroxides, oxidants or strong acids may trigger their polymerization. Oxygen and oxidant: increase the harm of fire and explosion, and form explosive peroxides. | |
| | 3. alkali metals, gr aphite compou nds, peroxides, metal brine, azoisobutyl; starting their polymerization reaction. 4. Strong acid (sulfuric acid, oil, chlorosulfonic acid): it will increase the | |

| | temperature, pressure, and increase the fire and explosion hazards. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Conditions that should be avoided | The boycott concentration is too low or ineffective. Light or heat, especially above 65°C. Metal salts, peroxides, oxidants, or strong acids may cause their polymerization. Heat, spark, open fire, lead fire source. |
| Ban the match | Oxygen and oxidants. Alkine metals, graphite compounds, peroxides, metal halines, azoisobutyl. Strong acid (sulfuric acid, oil, chlorosulfonic acid). Dingji lithium. Halogenin. |
| The breakdown product of the hazard | Phenyl ethylene dilute oxide. |

Xi. Toxicology information

| | I D = 0 5 000 / 1 / | 4.1. 0 | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| acute toxicity | LD50: 5,000 mg / kg (rat, devoured) | | | |
| | LC50: 24,000 mg / kg (rat, inhalation) | | | |
| route of exposure | | | | |
| | Skin irritation or corrosion | No human associations have been reported. With a moderate irritation to the skin of the experimental animals. | | |
| | Eye irritation or corrosion | Splsplash into the eyes caused moderate to severe irritation but recovered within 48 hours. | | |
| | Breathing or skin allergy | It can defexperience the skin and be absorbed by the skin, and long-term contact may cause dermatitis. | | |
| symptom | Germ-cell mutability | non-avaible | | |
| | carcinogenicity | IARC carcinogenicity comment: positive animals, no reliable human compliance data. | | |
| | genotoxicity | | | |
| | Specific target organ system toxicity in primary contact | May cause dermatitis, cause red or dry skin. | | |
| | Specific target organ system toxicity by repeated exposure | May affect the liver, kidney, and blood system. It may affect the hearing, balance, color new knowledge, nerve conduction and mental state. | | |
| | inhalation hazard | Stimulation of the respiratory tract is the most common one. High concentrations can resist the central nervous system, causing lethargy, headache, confusion, loss of coordination and unconsciousness. Due to low volatilization, no fatal reported. | | |
| Slow toxicity or long-term toxicity | | | | |

Xii. Ecological information

| | All. Ecological information |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| | LC 50 (Fish): 25.1-74.8mg / 1 / 96H |
| Ecological toxicity | EC 50 (Aquatic invertebrates): - |
| | Complex coefficient of biological enrichment (BCF): 13.5 |
| | 1. 95% of the styrene in the landfill soil decomposes within 16 weeks, and 87% of the |
| | sandy soil decomposes. The amount of decomposition is determined by the amount of carbon |
| | dioxide produced. |
| Persistence and degradability | 2. When released into the water, it will be biodecomposed, and it is also possible |
| reisistence and degradability | to adsorb on small particles or precipitates in the water.3. When released into the |
| | atmosphere, it will quickly react with hydrogen free radical and ozone, with the |
| | half-life of 3.5 and 9 hours, respectively. Half-life (air): 0.9~7.3 hours |
| | Half-life (water surface): 336~672 hours |
| | Half-life (groundwater): 672~5040 hours |
| | Half-life (soil): 336~672 hours |
| Bioenrichment or, | About 80% to 97% of the styrene will be excreted in the urine, and the styrene absorbed |
| bioaccumulability | within 4 days will be removed. |
| Mobility in the soil | When released into the soil, it is biodecomposed. |
| Other environment, harmful effects | |
| | |

Xiii. Waste disposal

| Abandoned, placement method | Handling in accordance with the current laws and regulations. Store the waste to be treated according to the storage conditions. Consider using a specific incineration method. | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Waste chemicals | In accordance with the current law, regulations for processing | |
| Pollution packaging | In accordance with the current law, regulations for processing | |
| Waste notes, meaning matters | | |

Xiv. Transportation information

| UN Dangerous Goods Number | 1866 |
|---------------------------|------|
|---------------------------|------|

| (UN Number) | |
|--|--|
| The United Nations transport name | flammable liquid |
| The United Nations risk, risk classification | Ш |
| Packaging category | III |
| packing mark | |
| packing method | |
| Marine Pollutants (Yes / No) | deny |
| Transportation considerations | During railway transportation, it shall be installed strictly in accordance with the dangerous goods distribution table in the Dangerous Goods Transportation Rules of the Ministry of Railways. Transport vehicles during transport |

Corresponding variety and quantity of fire-fighting equipment and leakage emergency treatment equipment should be equipped. It is best to be transported in the morning and evening in the summer. The tank (tank) car used in transportation should have a grounding chain, and a hole partition can be set in the tank to reduce the static electricity generated by shock. It is strictly prohibited to mix and transport with oxidants, acids and edible chemicals. Transportation should be exposed, rain, high temperature. The stopover should be far away from the fire, heat source and high temperature area. The exhaust pipe of the vehicle carrying the article must be equipped with fire resistance device, and the use of mechanical equipment and tools easy to generate sparks is prohibited. The road transportation should drive according to the prescribed route, and do not stay in the residential areas and densely populated areas. Ssliding shall be prohibited during railway transportation. It is strictly prohibited to transport with wooden ships and cement ships in bulk.

Xv. Regulatory information

The following laws, regulations and standards have made corresponding provisions on the safe use, storage, transportation, loading and unloading, classification and marking of chemicals:

1. Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China;

2. The Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases;

3. Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China;

4. Regulations on safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals;

5. Safety production License regulations;

6. Classification and marking of commonly used hazardous chemicals;

7. Catalogue of hazardous chemicals.

16. Other information

| Writing and revised information | This revised SDS has revised the full text format according to the requirements of GB $/$ T 16483-2008 and GB $/$ T 17519-2013. | | |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Abbreviations and acronyms | PC-TWA: Time-weighted average allowable concentration, with the average allowable contact concentration of 8h working days and 40h working weeks. PC-STEL: Short exposure allowable concentration allowing a short (15min) exposure following PC-TWA. ACGIH: The US Government Conference of Industrial Hygienists | | |
| reference documentation | Environmental Data Manual of Chemical Toxicity Regulations, China Environmental Science Press China Chemicals Safety Planning Agency, EC, International Chemical Safety Card Manual | | |
| disclaimer | The information in this SDS applies only to the products specified, not, except as specified, for the mixture of the product with other substances. This SDS provides only information on the applicable safety of the product for those with appropriate professional training for the product. Users of this SDS must make an independent judgment on the applicability of the SDS under special applicable conditions. In special applicable occasions, the writer of this SDS is not responsible for any injury caused by the application of this SDS. | | |
| Window position | Name: Shangwei New Material Technology Co., LTD | | |
| | Address / Tel: 86-21-5774618 3, No.618, Songsheng Road, Songjiang Industrial Zone, Shanghai | | |
| lister | Professional Title: Synthetic engineer | Tabator: Zhang Keshao | |
| Tab date | 2017-01-03 | | |