SAFETY DATA SHEET



Atlac® 580 ACT

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

GHS product identifier	tlac® 580 A	ACT	
GHS product identifier	tlac® 580 A	ACT	
Product code	01957WW1	18176	
Chemical formula	lot applicab	le.	
Other means of identification	lot available) .	
Product type	iquid.		
Recommended use	Resins system used in the production of fibre reinforced plastics or non-reinforced filled products.		n of fibre reinforced plastics or non-reinforced
Supplier	one F, 3/F, enghuo Bui lo. 88 Yun L ian Ye Distr	ilding Long Shan Road ict Igsu Province	Tel: +86 25 85493888 www.aocresins.com
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	roduct.safe	ty@aocresins.com	(Communication in English only please)
Emergency telephone number	elephone N ccident (si	ergency Response Number for Chemical gned agreement) 889090 (24h)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview			l		
Liquid. [Hazy]			l		
Purple.					
Characteristic.					
	Mammable liquid and vapour.				
Causes skin irritation.					
May cause an allergic skir Causes serious eye irritati			l		
May cause respiratory irrit					
Suspected of causing can			I		
Suspected of damaging fe					
	s through prolonged of	or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)	İ		
Toxic to aquatic life.	long lasting effects				
·	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
	•				
F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice					
or attention.					
See Section 12 for enviro	onmental precautio	ons.			
			i		
Classification of the		E LIQUIDS - Category 3			
substance or mixture		OSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 YE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A			
		TISATION - Category 1			
		0,			
	CARCINOGE	ENICITY - Category 2			
	REPRODUC	TIVE TOXICITY - Category 2			
	REPRODUC SPECIFIC TA	TIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 ARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSU	RE (Respiratory tract		
	REPRODUC SPECIFIC TA irritation) - Ca	TIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 ARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSU			

Atlac® 580 ACT



SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 **GHS** label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Danger Hazard statements ▶ 226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. : H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) H401 - Toxic to aquatic life. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary statements - Code Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves: 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): fluor rubber (Viton) (0.70 mm)< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitril rubber (0.4 mm). Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smokina. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Response : P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide to extinguish. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. : **P**405 - Store locked up. Storage P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool. : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, Disposal national and international regulations. Physical/chemical hazards : Fammable liquid and vapour. Human health hazards Zauses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Safety Data Sheet



Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Environmental hazards	: Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Sas/vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the floor to a source of ignition and flash back.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
styrene [stable]	25 - 50	100-42-5
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	<1	27813-02-1
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	<1	123-31-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			
Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>			
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations nausea or vomiting			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Never use water for extinction.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Gas/vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the floor to a source of ignition and flash back.



Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides (dense) black smoke aldehydes organic acids
Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	:	None.
Remarks	:	Combustible when exposed to heat or flame.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for cor	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth) and place in a chemical waste container.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling **Protective measures** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Ventilation required along the floor.
	Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
≸tyrene [stable] 1,4-dihydroxybenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2 through skin. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m PC-STEL: 100 mg, GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2 PC-TWA: 1 mg/m³ PC-STEL: 2 mg/m³	n ³ 8 hours. /m ³ 15 minutes. 2 019). 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airl any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering contro vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive lim ventilation equipment.	borne contaminants below bls also need to keep gas,
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	<u>95</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling cheating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location.	working period. / contaminated clothing. workplace. Wash
Eye/face protection	: 🖻 🎜 Safety glasses with side shields.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an app worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk a necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glo during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective p noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material ma glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of s protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated (breakthrough time): fluor rubber (Viton) (0.70 mm) 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitril rubber (0.4 mm) 	ssessment indicates this is ve manufacturer, check roperties. It should be ay be different for different several substances, the
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be select being performed and the risks involved and should be appro handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from s static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from st should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	ved by a specialist before tatic electricity, wear anti-
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection mea based on the task being performed and the risks involved ar a specialist before handling this product.	



Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Remarks	Replace damaged gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Hazy]
Colour	: P urple.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: 0.15 to 25 ppm
рН	: 7 [Conc. (% w/w): 0.02%]
Melting point	: <25°C (<77°F)
Boiling point	: 145°C (293°F)
Softening range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Evaporation rate	: 12.4 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 6.1%
Vapour pressure	: 0.67 kPa
Vapour density	: 3.6 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.9 to 1.2
Density (g/cm³)	: 0.9 to 1.2 g/cm ³ (23°C)
Bulk density	: 1050 kg/m³ (Temperature: 23 °C)
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: <0.02 g/100 ml (23°C)
Solubility at room temperature	: <0.02 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: >2
Auto-ignition temperature	: 490°C (914°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Conductivity	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Instability temperature	: Not available.
Minimum ignition temperature	: Not available.
Minimum ignition energy	: Not available.
VOC content	: Not available.
Dust explosion class	:
Critical pressure	: Not available.
Critical temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 500 to 600 mPa·s (500 to 600 cP) Kinematic (room temperature): >4.16 cm²/s (>416 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)



Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	s.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do no allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.	
	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.	
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
	Strong acids	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene [stable]	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11800 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg (LD0 2000 mg/kg)	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	LD50 Dermal	Mammal	5970 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	302 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
styrene [stable]	Respiratory - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	<0.00000001	24 hours 0.5 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	<0.00000001	24 hours 0.5 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	<0.00000001	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Mutagenicity



Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: Without &^ with	Negative
	OECD 476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	metabolic activation. Without a With metabolic activation Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte	Metabolic activation: Without &^ with metabolic activation Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive
	OECD 483 Mammalian Spermatogonial Chromosome Aberration	Metabolic activation: with and without Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive
	Test OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: with and without	Negative
	OECD 473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Human Metabolic activation: with and without	Negative
	OECD 489, mammalian comet assay	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	Negative - Inhalation - NOAEC	Rat - Male, Female	≥2050 mg/m³	6 hours /day; 5 days per week

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	-	Negative	-	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 300 mg/kg / day (NOAEL)	-
	-	-	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg /day (NOAEL)	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	-	-	-	Rat	Oral: 300 mg/kg Parental NOEL	-

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	Negative - Oral	Rabbit	450 mg/kg /day (NOAEL)	-
	Negative - Inhalation	Rabbit	8300 mg/m³ /day (NOAEC)	6 hours per day
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Negative - Oral	Rat	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene [stable]	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)



Name Cate				oute of cposure	Target organs
styrene [stable]		Category 1	inhalation		hearing organs
Aspiration hazard			I	1	
Name			Result		
styrene [stable]			ASPIRA	TION HAZARD	- Category 1
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.				
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritati	on.			
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irrita	ation.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Mag	y cause an all	ergic skin	reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effec	ts or critical ha	azards.		
Symptoms related to the phys	sical, chemical and toxicolog	ical characte	ristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may in pain or irritation watering redness				
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may in respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	iclude the follo	owing:		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may in irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	iclude the follo	owing:		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may in reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	clude the follo	owing:		
Delayed and immediate effect	ts as well as chronic effects f	from short an	d long-te	erm exposure	
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health effe	cts				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species		Dose	Exposure
Methacrylic acid, monoester	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male		300 mg/kg /day	-
with propane-1,2-diol		Female	.,		

Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	300 mg/kg /day	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	25 mg/kg	-
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	73.9 mg/kg	-
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	50 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week



General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	 Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Atlac® 580 ACT	10658.2	N/A	N/A	11.8	N/A
styrene [stable]	5000	N/A	N/A		N/A
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	302	2500	N/A		N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
styrene [stable]	Acute EC50 4.9 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 4700 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4020 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC ₁₀ 0.28 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.01 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >97.2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >143 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 493 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	48 hours
	Chronic EC50 45.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Acute EC50 0.33 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirshnerella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 130 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 44 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.019 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirschnerella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0057 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC ≥0.066 mg/l arithmatic mean Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	32 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	81 % - 28 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysi	S	Biodegradability
styrene [stable] Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol 1,4-dihydroxybenzene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Safety Data Sheet



Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Atlac® 580 ACT styrene [stable] Methacrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol 1,4-dihydroxybenzene	>2 2.96 0.97 0.59	- 13.49 - 3.162	low low low
<u>Mobility in soil</u>			

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION	RESIN SOLUTION	Resin solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information UN : Special provisions 223 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1. IMDG Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 223, 955 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. ΙΑΤΑ Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. Special provisions A3 Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are Special precautions for user upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. Extinguishing media

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Listed

Listed

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Never use water for extinction.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

styrene

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

Ingredient name	CAS number		Reference number
Styrene monomer	100-42-5	Listed	96

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

Styrene

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		



Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 3/22/2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/22/2021
Date of previous issue	: 3/20/2020
Version	: 10
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1	Calculation method
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method
References : Not available.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Responsible name

: DSM Resins - Regulatory Affairs Department P.O. Box 615, 8000 AP Zwolle

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Notice to reader

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is based on our data available on the date of publication. The information is intended to aid the user in controlling the handling risks; it is not to be construed as a warranty or specification of the product quality. The information may not be or may not altogether be applicable to combinations of the product with other substances or to particular applications.

The user is responsible for ensuring that appropriate precautions are taken and for satisfying themselves that the data are suitable and sufficient for the product's intended purpose. In case of any unclarity we advise consulting the supplier or an expert.